



CAPCOM  
U.S.A.

# INSTRUCTION MANUAL

**WARNING**

**THIS GAME MUST BE GROUNDED. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY  
RESULT IN DESTRUCTION TO ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS.**

WARNING: This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and if not and used in accordance with the instructions manual, may cause interference to radio communications. It has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a CLASS A computing device pursuant to SUBPART J and PART 15 of FCC RULES, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference when operated in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause interference in which case the user at his own expense will be required to take whatever measures may be required to correct the interference.

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### **Story:**

Emperor Bios, God of Destruction and Evil, created 8 evil gods to destroy every civilization. The cities they destroyed were turned into dust worlds.

Two super warriors were created to fight against the evil gods.

### **How to Play:**

Destroy the enemy and gather zennies (special money) with that money, you can purchase special weapons in the stores or get powered up bonus.

## DIP SWITCH SETTINGS — FORGOTTEN WORLDS

### DIP-A

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
COIN 1	1 COIN — 1 CREDIT	<b>OFF</b>	<b>OFF</b>	<b>OFF</b>					
	1 — 2	ON	OFF	OFF					
	1 — 3	OFF	ON	OFF					
	1 — 4	ON	ON	OFF					
	1 — 6	OFF	OFF	ON					
	2 — 1	ON	OFF	ON					
	3 — 1	OFF	ON	ON					
	4 — 1	ON	ON	ON					
COIN 2	1 COIN — 1 CREDIT				<b>OFF</b>	<b>OFF</b>	<b>OFF</b>		
	2 — 2				ON	OFF	OFF		
	1 — 3				OFF	ON	OFF		
	1 — 4				ON	ON	OFF		
	1 — 6				OFF	OFF	ON		
	2 — 1				ON	OFF	ON		
	3 — 1				OFF	ON	ON		
	4 — 1				ON	ON	ON		
DEMO SOUND	YES NO							<b>OFF</b> ON	
PICTURE FLIP	NOT REQ'D (Normal When Power On) REQ'D (Flip When On)								<b>OFF</b> ON

### DIP-B

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
DIFFICULTY LEVEL	LEVEL ① EASY	OFF	OFF	OFF					
	②	ON	OFF	OFF					
	③	OFF	ON	OFF					
	④ NORMAL	<b>ON</b>	<b>ON</b>	<b>OFF</b>					
	⑤	OFF	OFF	ON					
	⑥	ON	OFF	ON					
	⑦	OFF	ON	ON					
	⑧ DIFFICULT	ON	ON	ON					
TEST MODE					— —	— —	— —	<b>OFF</b> ON	
PICTURE STOP					— —	— —	— —		<b>OFF</b> ON

\*BOLD LETTER IS SHIPPED CONDITION.

\*DIP-C IS NOT SET.

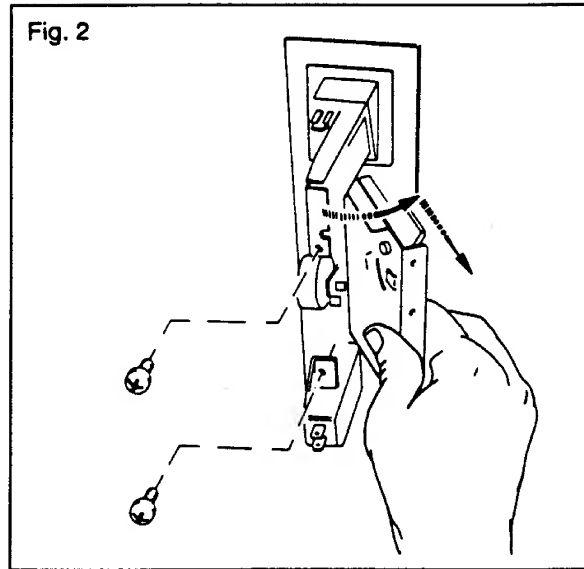
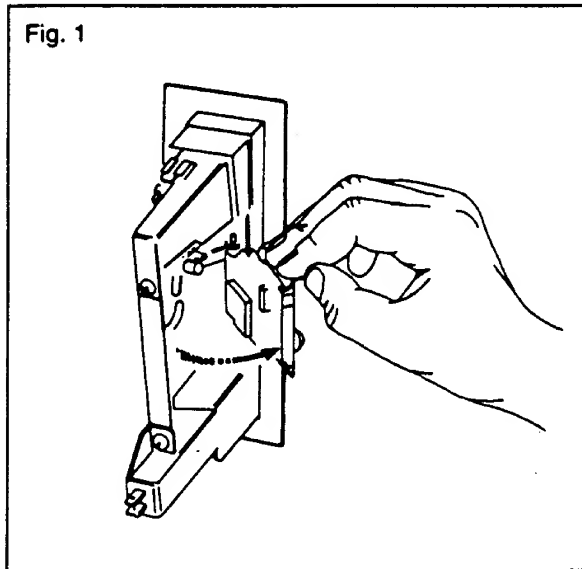
# Location and Setup

## INSPECTION

1. Remove the game from its shipping crate.
2. Inspect the entire outside of it for any signs of damage.
  - ☐ Any scratches?, dents?, cracks?
  - ☐ Any broken controls?
  - ☐ Just look it over closely and make a note of any signs of damage.
3. Remove the shipping cleats from the bottom of the cabinet.
4. Install the four levelers, one at each corner of the cabinet.
  - ☐ Level the cabinet.
5. Open the cabinet and inspect the inside of the game for any signs of damage.
  - ☐ Also check to make sure all plug-in connectors on the wire harness are firmly seated.
  - ☐ Replug any connectors found unplugged. **DO NOT FORCE PLUGS ONTO CONNECTORS. DO NOT FORCE PLUGS TOGETHER.** If it won't go on easily, assuming the keys are lined up, it either does not belong there or is damaged.
  - ☐ Make sure all printed circuit boards (P.C.B.'s) are firmly seated in their connectors. These connectors are also keyed. The P.C.B.'s will only go into them one way without being damaged.
  - ☐ Note the location of the game's serial number.
  - ☐ Check all major subassemblies to be sure they are mounted securely.
    - Power supply.
    - Control panel(s).
    - T.V. monitor.
    - Other P.C.B.'s and/or P.C.B. rack, etc.
    - Power Chassis.
6. Make a note of any problems that can't be easily corrected.
7. Call your distributor and/or service man about your problem list.

**NOTE: All connectors or plugs are key so they will only go together when all pins are properly lined up.**

# Coin Door Maintenance



The magnet that is fitted to the mechanism, should be kept clean from foreign particles. The magnet can be cleaned by swinging the gate open (as shown in Fig. 1). Remove metal filings from the magnet by guiding the point of a screwdriver along the edges of the magnet, such that the filings cling to the screwdriver.

The mechanism can be cleaned by immersing in water using a small brush to clean the mechanism. Rinse the mechanism with boiling water and dry with compressed air.

**NOTE:** Since the Gold Mech relies on coins passing the magnet at a constant speed, the rejector must be free of dirt and grease which may slow down the coins. Do not lubricate the acceptor with oil as this slows down coins.

If the above procedures are not successful, check for worn, bent or damaged parts and replace where necessary.

## Removal of Mechanism

To remove the coin selector: Unscrew the two screws (as shown in Fig. 2) — swing rear of selector body away from the lock-out side and withdraw.

The Gold Mech Acceptors are designed to require a minimum of maintenance and field adjustment. Coins are checked by diameter and thickness, weight, metal content, bounce, and for ferromagnetic coins such as nickel and steel, a rim test is also used.

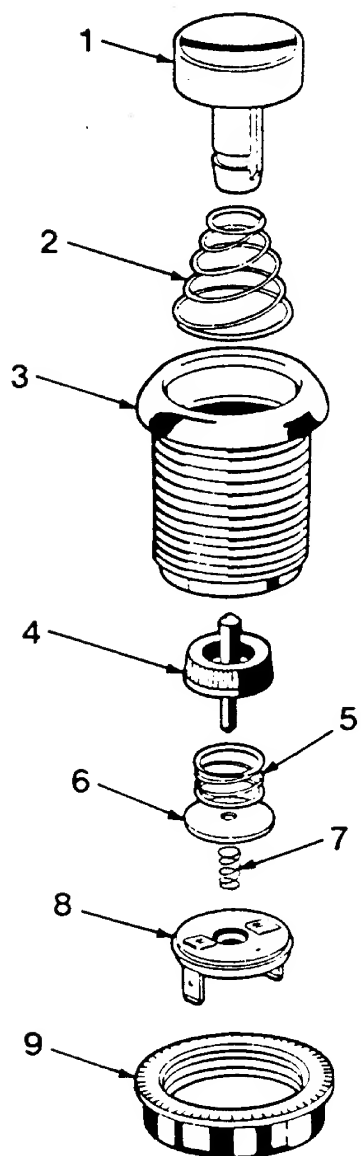
## Coin Switch

The coin switch comes in two different spring tensions — identified by the color of the plastic boss at the wire's pivot point.

**Red:** Light tension — U.S. 25¢

**White:** Heavy tension — heavy foreign coins

**\*COIN CONTROL BUTTON**



• WHERE APPLICABLE

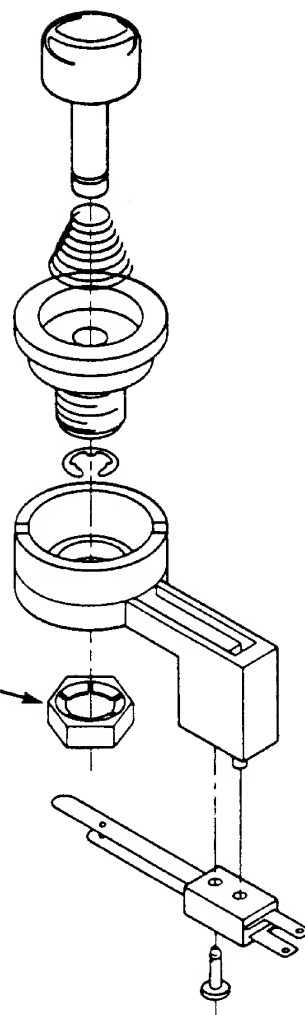
**\*WICO BUTTON**

Push Button Holder  
with Molded Switch and  
Embossed Tabs

Wico P/N 15-9123-01

Locknut

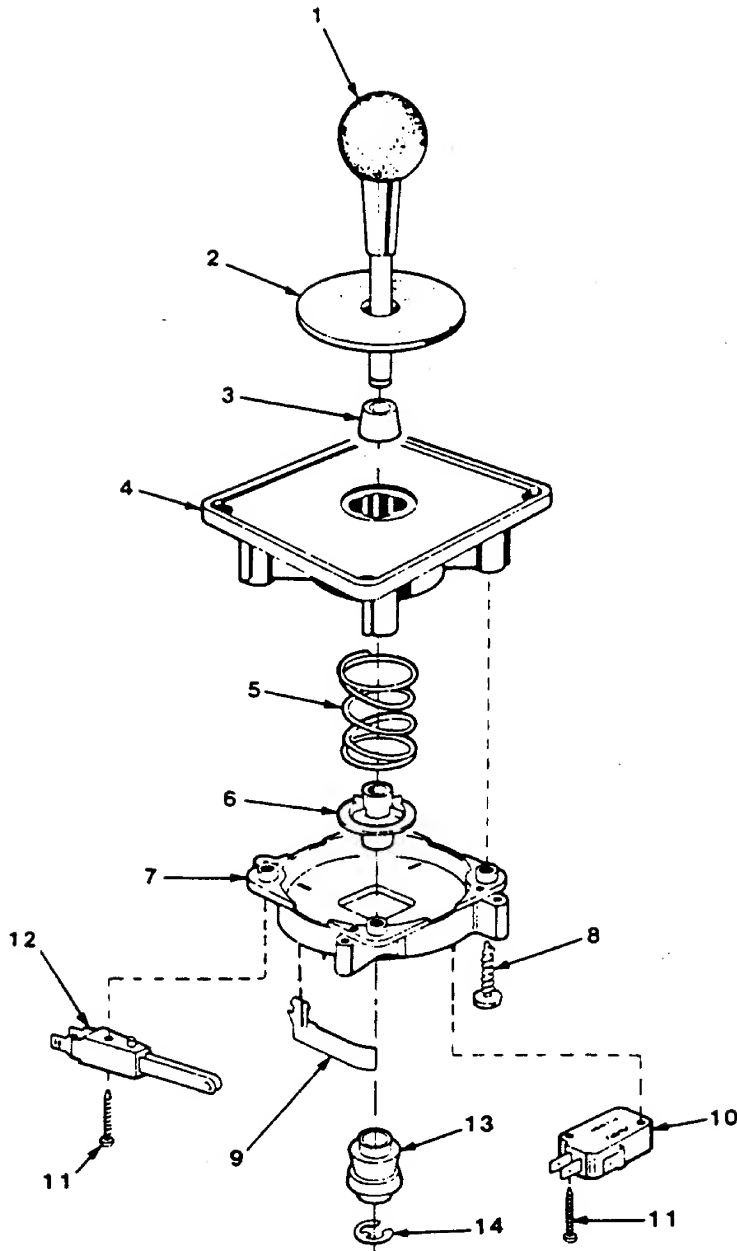
Wico P/N 19-0254-01



ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	Button Plunger
2	Button Spring
3	Button Bezel
4	Switch Actuator
5	Washer Spring
6	Contact Washer
7	Washer Spring
8	Contact Plate
9	Fixing Nut



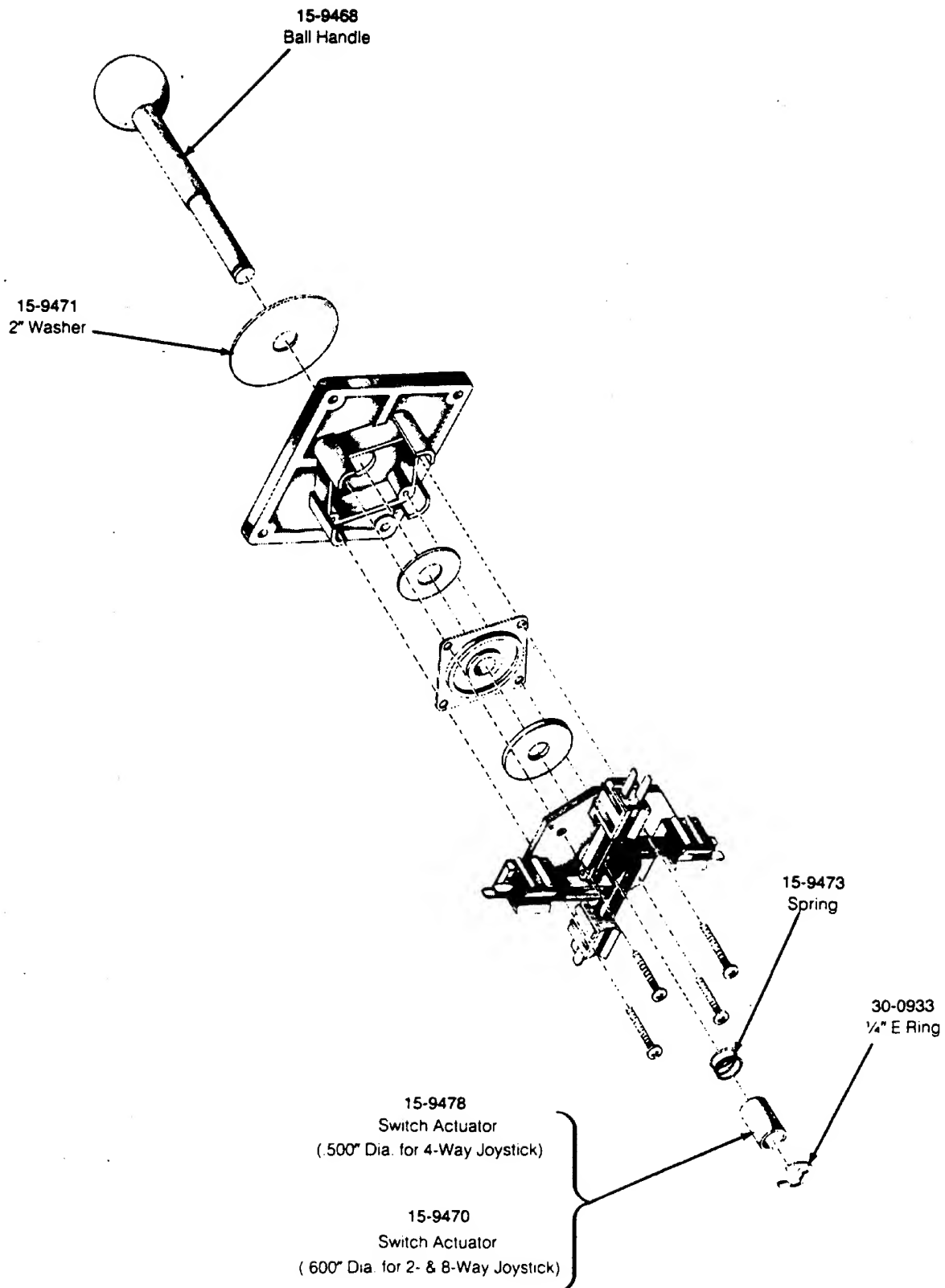
## COIN CONTROL JOYSTICK \*



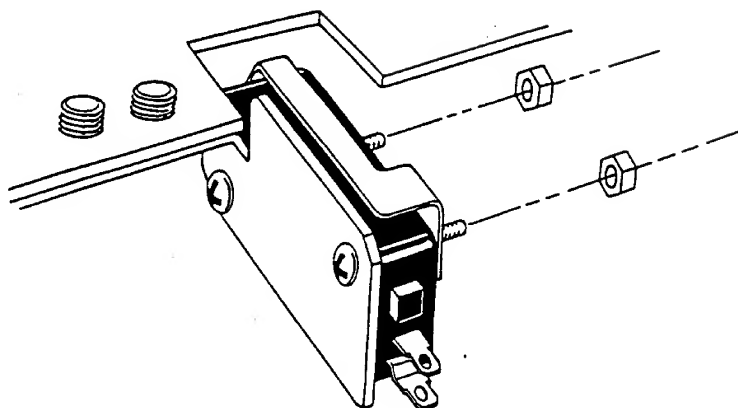
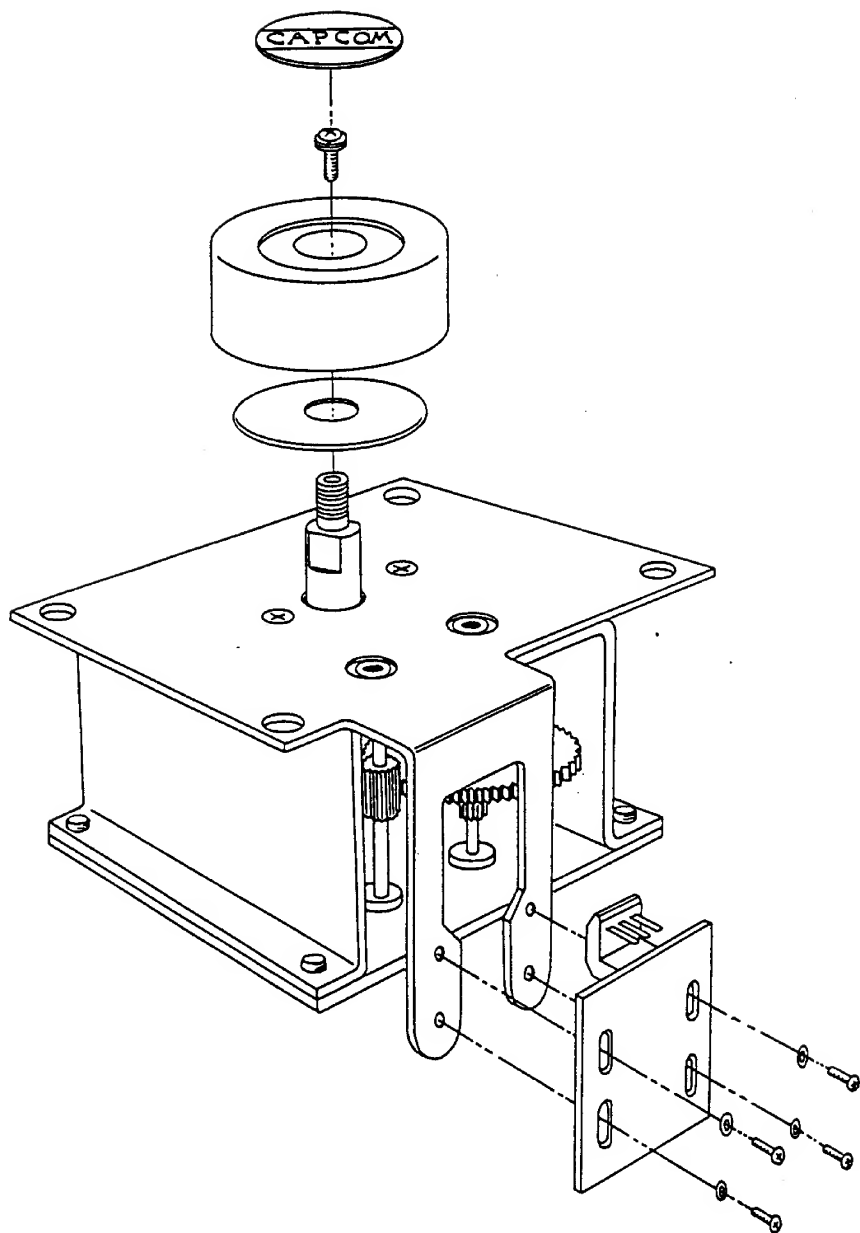
ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	1.25" Knob & Shaft
2	2" Washer
3	Pivoi Cone
4	S.T. Nylon Hub
5	Return Spring
6	Spring Bushing
7	Switch Mount Bracket
8	Screw #10 x 3/4"
9	Switch Protector
10	Micro Switch
11	Screw #4 x 3/4"
12	Side Mount Switch
13	4/8 Way Actuator
14	E-Ring

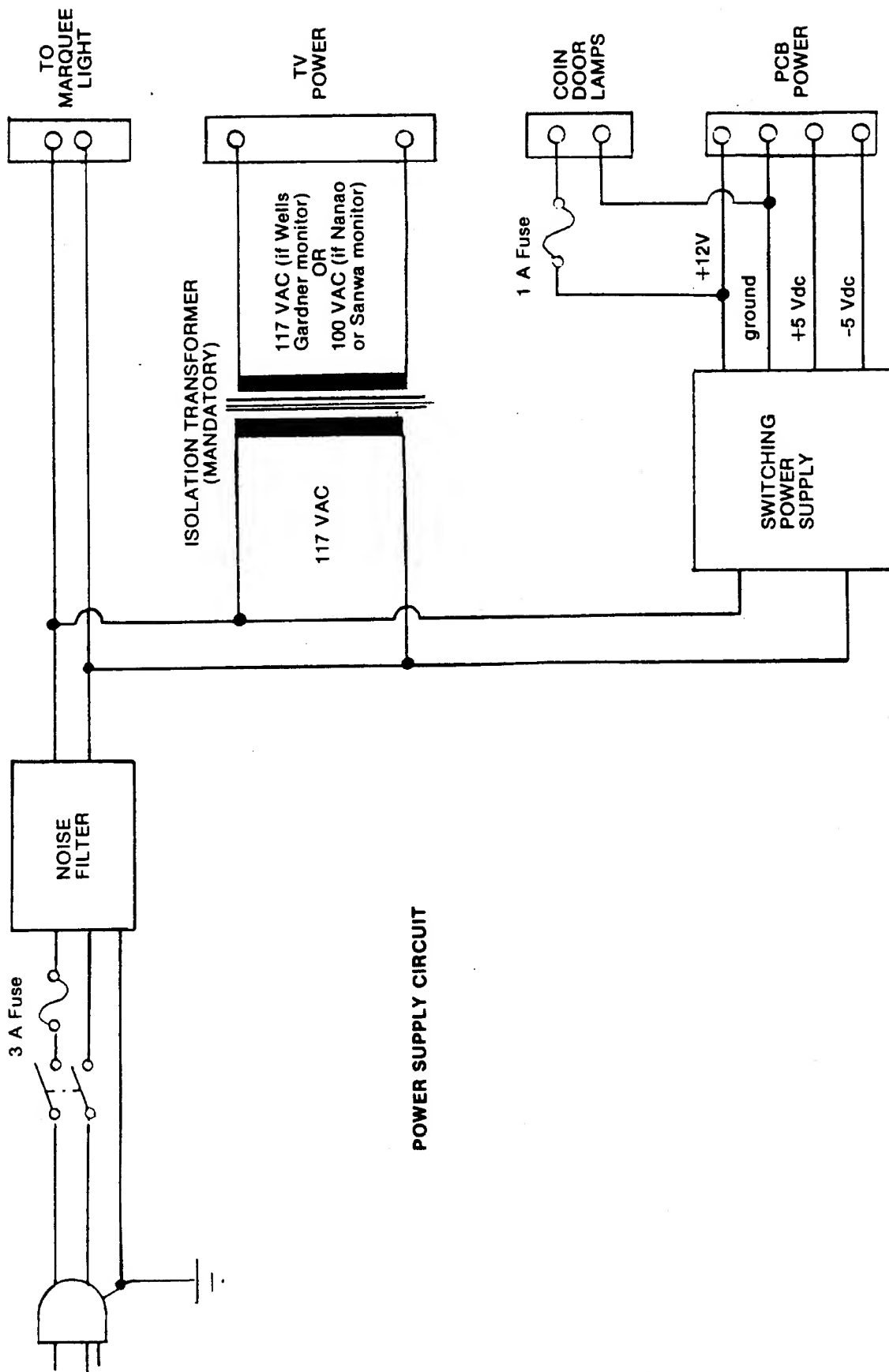
\* Where Applicable

# WICO JOYSTICK \*



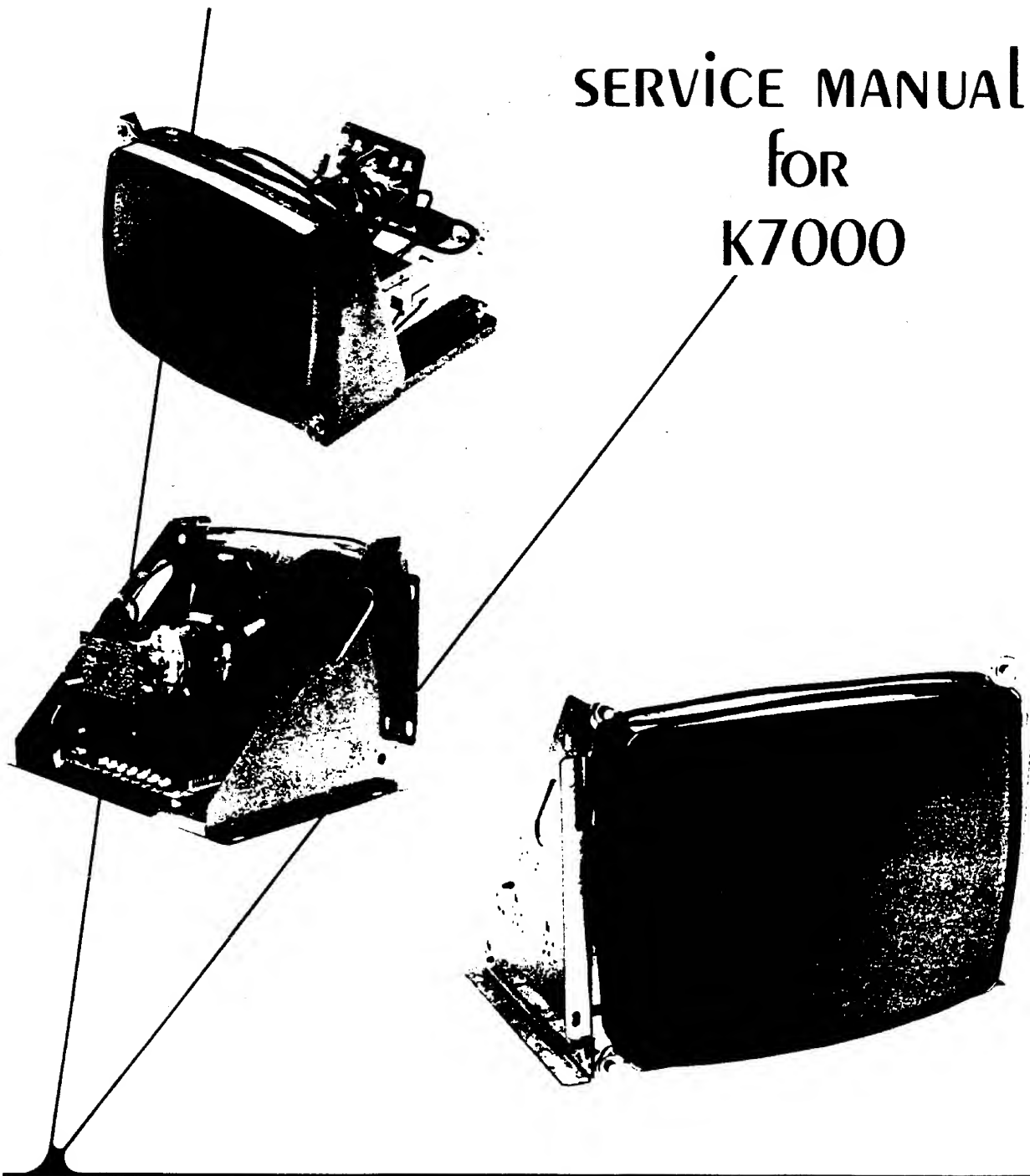
Wico Joystick Assembly (700-0163-01)





POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

# SERVICE MANUAL for K7000



**WELLS-GARDNER ELECTRONICS**  
**CORPORATION**  
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# THE PRISMATIC™

BY  
WELLS-GARDNER

## COLOR SPECIFICATIONS

### CRT

- From 9" to 25" diagonal measure
- P22 phosphor
- Polished faceplate standard: variety of optional faceplates and transmittances available.
- Stripe trio spacings (standard): 0.62 mm (9"), 0.66 mm (13"), 0.82 mm (19"), 0.82 mm (25").
- Optional finer pitches available.

### INPUT SIGNALS

- Video: RGB analog, 1v to 5v peak-to-peak (adjustable with contrast control), 4.7k ohm input impedance, 40 usec to 50 usec active video.
- Optional inputs available:
  - Negative video
  - RGB analog 0-0.75v, 75 ohm input impedance
  - Composite video (NTSC)
- Both composite video and RGB analog: Both signal sources can be connected to the monitor at the same time. Monitor display can be switched from one to the other, at anytime at pixel or vertical frame rate.
- Sync: TTL positive or negative going, separate or composite. Input impedance: 20K ohms for positive going sync; 12K ohms for negative going sync.

### HORIZONTAL SCAN

- Width: Adjustable with just one coil to accommodate active video from 40 usec to 50 usec.
- Frequency: 15.1 kHz to 16.8 kHz standard; higher scan frequencies available.
- Linearity:  $\pm 5\%$

### PICTURE SIZE REGULATION

- $2\%$

### VERTICAL SCAN

- Frequency: 47 Hz to 63 Hz
- Linearity:  $\pm 5\%$

### GEOMETRIC DISTORTION

- $\pm 2\%$  (max).

### VIDEO CHARACTERISTICS

- Bandwidth (-3 db): 12 MHz typical
- Rise Time: Less than 50 nanoseconds
- Overshoot (max): 5%

### MECHANICAL

- The 19" monitor is also available in universal mount brackets. The monitor can be mounted in the user's cabinet horizontally or vertically. Contact your sales representative for details.
- The standard Prismatic-25" 25" monitor is available as a kit - without a frame. Custom frames can be furnished.
- The standard Prismatic-9" 9" monitor is available as a kit - without a frame. Also available in chassis form adaptable to individual customer requirements.
- Contact your sales representative for details.

### USER ADJUSTABLE CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS

- Brightness, Contrast, Horizontal Hold, Horizontal Size, Horizontal Raster Position, Horizontal Video Position, Vertical Hold, Vertical Size, Vertical Raster Position, Focus. Custom Control Location available.

### POWER INPUT

- 120 VAC  $\pm 10\%$   $\pm 15\%$ , 50-60 Hz, 85W (max). Isolation transformer required; furnished with monitor as an option.

### ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- Operating temperature 0° to 55°C. Complies with U.L., C.S.A., and D.H.H.S. radiation performance standard (composite video).

### RESOLUTIONS

- |                            |                        |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| • Standard CRT             | • Fine Pitch CRT       |
| 9" 280 Pixels x 240 Lines  | 410 Pixels x 240 Lines |
| 13" 400 Pixels x 240 Lines | 640 Pixels x 240 Lines |
| 19" 400 Pixels x 240 Lines | 640 Pixels x 240 Lines |
| 25" 560 Pixels x 240 Lines | N. A.                  |

## WARNINGS

### 1. Power Up Warning-

An isolation transformer must be used between the AC supply and the AC plug of the monitor before servicing, testing, or operating the monitor since the chassis and the heat sink are directly connected to one side of the AC line which could present a shock hazard.

Before servicing is performed, read all the precautions labelled on the CRT and chassis.

### 2. X-RAY RADIATION WARNING NOTICE

**WARNING :** PARTS WHICH INFLUENCE X-RAY RADIATION IN HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION, HIGH VOLTAGE CIRCUITS AND PICTURE TUBE ETC. ARE INDICATED BY (★) IN THE PARTS LIST FOR REPLACEMENT PURPOSES. USE ONLY THE TYPE SHOWN IN THE PARTS LIST.

### 3. High Voltage-

This monitor contains HIGH VOLTAGES derived from power supplies capable of delivering LETHAL quantities of energy. Do not attempt to service until all precautions necessary for working on HIGH VOLTAGE equipment have been observed.

### 4. CRT Handling-

Care must be taken not to bump or scratch the picture tube as this may cause the picture tube to implode resulting in personal injury. Shatter proof goggles must be worn when handling the CRT. High voltage must be completely discharged before handling. Do not handle the CRT by the neck.

### 5. PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE

**WARNING :** FOR CONTINUED SAFETY REPLACE SAFETY CRITICAL COMPONENTS ONLY WITH MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDED PARTS. THESE PARTS ARE IDENTIFIED BY SHADING AND BY (Δ) ON THE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM.

**AVERTISSEMENT :** POUR MAINTENIR LE DEGRE DE SECURITE DE L'APPAREIL NE REMPLACER LES COMPOSANTS DONT LE FONCTIONNEMENT EST CRITIQUE POUR LA SECURITE QUE PAR DES PIECES RECOMMANDEES PAR LE FABRICANT

For replacement purposes, use the same type or specified type of wire and cable, assuring the positioning of the wires is followed (especially for H.V. and power supply circuits). Use of alternative wiring or positioning could result in damage to the monitor or in a shock or fire hazard.

## AC CONNECTORS AND TERMINALS

**ALL MONITORS EXCEPT THOSE WITH MODEL NUMBERS ENDING WITH 2 OR 6:**

### WELLS-GARDNER END

	W.G. Part No.	Molex Part No.
Plug	6A0396-001	19-09-2029
Pins Male	30X0759-001	02-09-2101

### USERS' END

Receptacle	19-09-1029
Pins, Female	02-09-1101*
	or 02-09-1116*

**MODEL NUMBERS ENDING WITH 2:**

### WELLS-GARDNER END

	W.G. Part No.	Molex Part No.
Plug	6A0376-002	03-09-2022
Pins, Male	30X0759-001	02-09-2101

### USERS' END

Receptacle	03-09-1022
Pins, Female	02-09-1101*
	or 02-09-1116*

**MODELS NUMBERS ENDING WITH 6:**

### WELLS-GARDNER END

	W.G. Part No.	AMP Part No.
Receptacle	6A0402-001	350778-1
Pins, Male	30X0761-001	350538-1

### USERS' END

Plug	350777-1
Pins, Female	350537-1 **
	or 350851-1 **

\*-1101 is used for 20-14 AWG wire and insulation diameter range 0.065"-0.160"

-1116 is used for 22-18 AWG wire and insulation diameter range 0.060"-0.120"

\*\* 350537-1 is used for 20-14 AWG wire and insulation diameter range 0.130"-0.200"

350851-1 is used for 24-18 AWG wire and insulation diameter range 0.040"-0.100"

## USER ADJUSTMENTS

### 1. BRIGHTNESS CONTROL VR6

This control has been preset at the factory. However, when the video signal is applied to the monitor, a slight adjustment may be desired. Adjust this control such that the illumination is just barely extinguished from portions of the display which should be black.

### 2. CONTRAST CONTROL VR7

Adjust the contrast for the desired picture intensity.

### 3. FOCUS CONTROL

Adjust the focus control, located on the high voltage unit (T1), for maximum over-all definition and fine picture detail.

### 4. HORIZONTAL HOLD CONTROL VR2

With the monitor being driven with the display signal, connect one jumper between TP1 and TP2 and another jumper between TP3 and TP4. Adjust the horizontal hold control until the picture stops sliding horizontally. Remove the jumpers. Do not use the horizontal hold control for horizontal centering. (See #5).

NOTE: If the sync signal is composite, use the horizontal sync input of the same polarity as the composite sync signal.

### 5. HORIZONTAL VIDEO SHIFT CONTROL VR1

Use this control to center the picture horizontally.

### 6. HORIZONTAL RASTER POSITION ADJUSTMENT

If the picture is off center horizontally (long dimension of picture tube), some compensation can be made by moving the horizontal raster position adjustment jumper either to positions "R" or "L".

### 7. HORIZONTAL SIZE COIL L1

The horizontal size coil is a hexagonal tuning tool adjustment. This control must be adjusted slowly, if necessary, until the picture or test pattern attains the correct horizontal proportions.

### 8. VERTICAL HOLD CONTROL VR5

Adjust this control until the picture stops rolling and it locks in vertically.

### 9. 50-60 Hz CONTROL VR9

This control is used to limit the range of vertical size. This control is preset at the factory and should not require re-adjustment unless the vertical size control or vertical hold control are readjusted from their original factory settings. In order to set this control, first adjust the vertical size control so that the picture is slightly larger than desired. Turn VR9 so that any vertical foldover which may be present will disappear. If the monitor is to be operated alternately at more than one vertical frequency, then perform this adjustment at the higher frequency.

### 10. VERTICAL SIZE CONTROL

This control must be adjusted slowly, if necessary, until the picture or test pattern attains the correct vertical proportions.

### 11. VERTICAL RASTER POSITION CONTROL VR3

If the video is off center vertically, (short dimension of picture tube) some compensation can be made by turning the vertical raster position control.

### 12. CUT OFF AND DRIVE CONTROLS ON NECK BOARD VR201, VR202, VR203, VR204, VR205, VR206.

These controls have been preset at the proper gray scale. Before adjusting any of these controls, refer to Troubleshooting Note 4 and to the White Balance procedure.

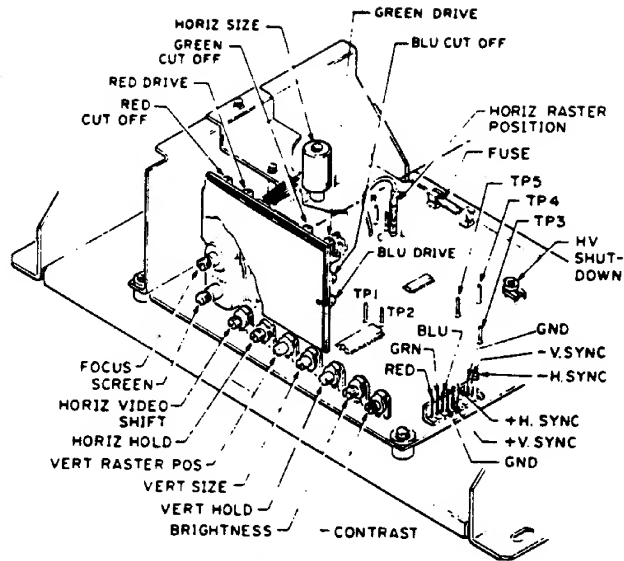


FIG. 1A

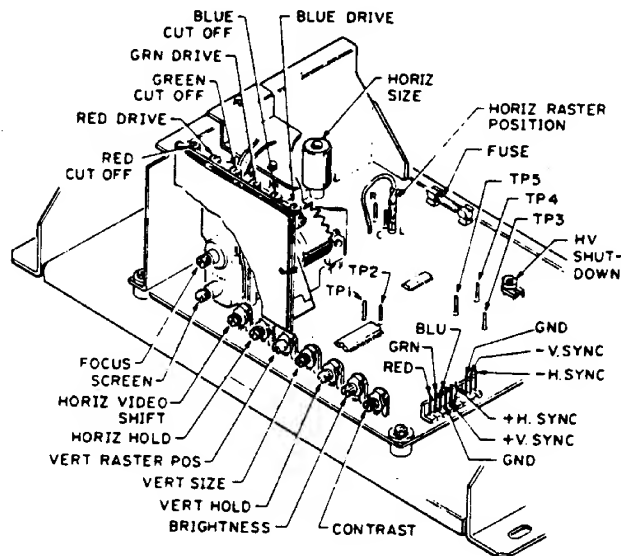
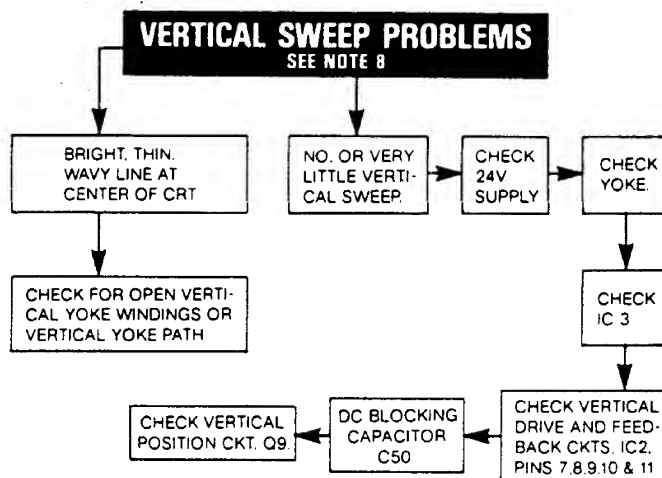
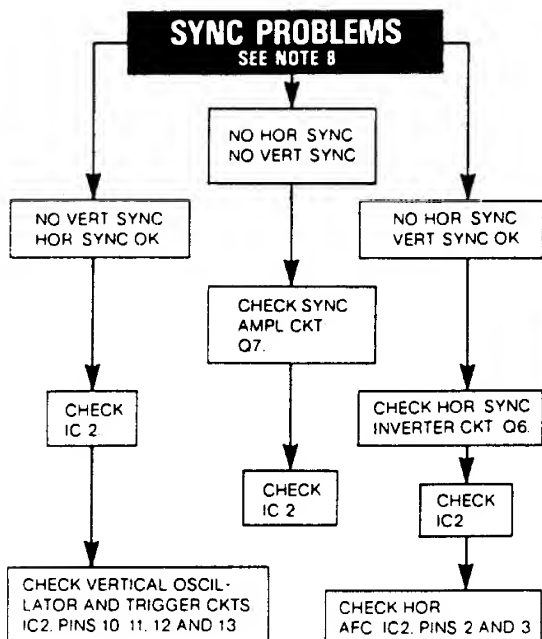
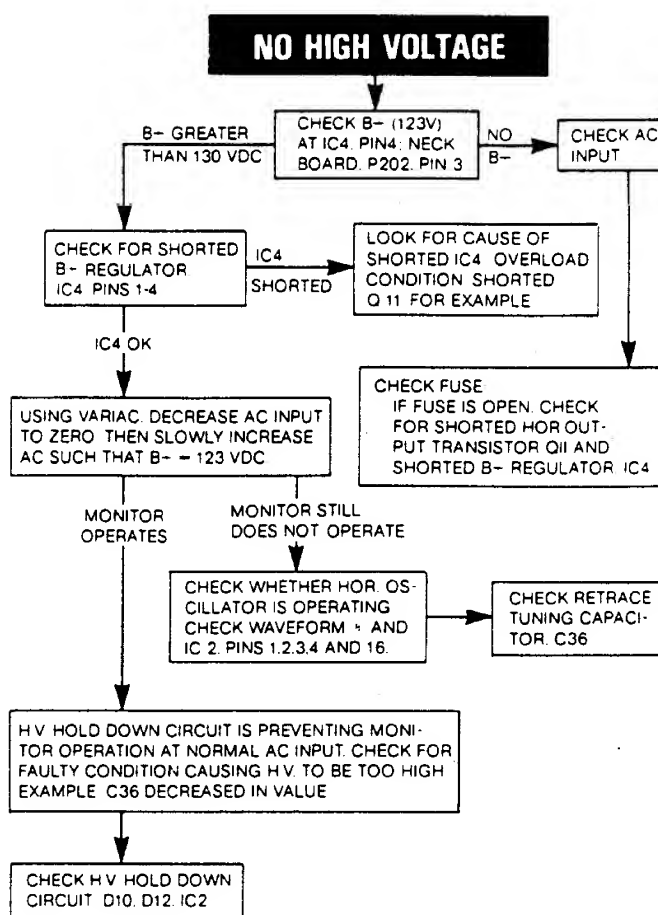
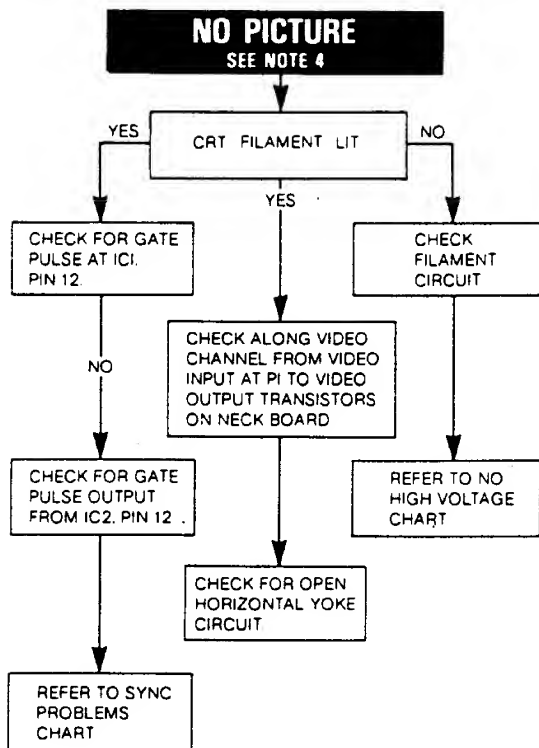


FIG. 1B





## VIDEO INTERFACE AND OUTPUT

The red, green, and blue video inputs come into the monitor at P1. Isolation and attenuation is provided by emitter followers Q1, Q2 and Q3. Forced blanking of the video signals is provided by the circuit of Q4, D5, D6, and D7. The forced blanking causes there to be an interruption in the video signal before it goes to the inputs of IC1. This interruption occurs between scan periods, while retrace is taking place; it is required by IC1. The forced blanking is not necessary for most video signals since they already have an interruption of video (blanking) between scan periods. Some do not; it is to accommodate such signals that the forced blanking circuit is included.

The red, green, and blue signals go into IC1 at pins 2, 4, and 6. Their levels are controlled by the gain of separate channels of the contrast amplifier. The gain is controlled by a DC voltage input to pin 11, which varies with the setting of the contrast control.

IC1 provides blanking of the video during retrace in response to blanking pulses at pin 13, derived from the horizontal and vertical sweep circuits. IC1 also requires a gating signal at pin 12 in order to provide red, green, and blue outputs at pins 21, 19, and 17. If the gating signal is not present, IC1 will not provide video output signals. The gating signal comes from IC2, pin 12 and is derived from horizontal sync.

The brightness is varied by varying the DC level of the outputs at pins 17, 19, and 21. This is accomplished by varying the DC voltage input to pin 14.

The video outputs from IC1 are provided via R30, R31, and R32 to the neck board where they are amplified by the video output stages Q201, Q202, and Q203 before being applied to the cathodes of the CRT through R10, R11, and R12.

## SYNC

Sync is applied at P1 (positive sync) or at P2 (negative sync). Composite sync should be applied only to the horizontal sync input of the appropriate polarity. Positive sync is inverted by Q5 and Q6 then applied through D3, D4 and R51 to the sync amplifier Q7.

The sync amplifier output is applied through C22, R53, and R55 to pin 14 of IC2. Pin 14 is the sync separation input.

The sync separator extracts the horizontal and vertical sync from each other—providing horizontal sync to the horizontal AFC circuit in the IC. A composite sync output is provided at pin 12. This output signal is used for gating IC1 the video interface IC and for triggering the vertical oscillator.

## HORIZONTAL OSCILLATOR AND OUTPUT

The horizontal AFC circuit of IC2 receives a horizontal sync input from the sync separator and a feedback signal at pin 1, derived from the horizontal output. Slight differences in frequency and phase of the two signals will cause the AFC to generate a correction voltage at pin 2.

The horizontal oscillator in IC2 has its free running frequency determined by the RC time constant of C19, R56, R57, R58, and VR2, the horizontal hold control. The horizontal hold control varies the horizontal frequency by varying the RC time constant. Slight correction in frequency is provided by a correction voltage at IC2, pin 3 which comes from pin 2 through R60.

The oscillator output at pin 4 is amplified and shaped by the horizontal drive stage Q10. The drive signal is then coupled to the base circuit of the horizontal output transistor Q11 by the horizontal drive transformer T2. T2 is used for impedance transformation to provide the Q11 base circuit with the low impedance source that it requires.

The horizontal output transistor Q11 is operated as a switch. It is either on or off. It is turned on and off at the scan rate which is determined by the horizontal oscillator frequency which is ultimately determined by the incoming horizontal sync frequency. A yoke current with a sawtooth waveform is needed to deflect the beam linearly across the CRT. The beam begins at the center of the CRT and is deflected from center to right. This center-to-right deflection occurs when Q11 is turned on. The deflection yoke coupling capacitor C38, also known as the S-shaping capacitor, begins to discharge through the yoke; the discharge current causes the beam to be deflected to the right CRT edge. At this time, Q11 is turned off, and the current provided by C38 stops. As the current falls to zero, a voltage is induced across the yoke windings as the magnetic field collapses; an oscillation is produced by the yoke windings and C36, the retrace tuning capacitor. During the first half cycle of oscillation, the induced voltage is impressed on the collector of Q11, C36, and the primary of the flyback transformer T1. This induced voltage is stepped up by the flyback transformer's secondary winding. This high voltage is then rectified and applied to the high voltage anode of the CRT. When this induced voltage occurs, the electron beam is deflected from the right edge of the CRT face to the left edge. This is called retrace. During the second half cycle of the oscillation (of C36 and the yoke windings), the voltage at the Q11 collector tries to go negative or below ground. When this happens, the damper diode (include in same package with Q11) becomes forward biased. The conduction of the damper diode allows energy stored in the horizontal system to decay linearly to zero, thus allowing the beam to return to the center of the CRT face.

The focus voltage and the screen, G2, voltage are obtained from the anode voltage with a resistor divider network within the T1 assembly. An auxiliary winding (pin 10) provides feedback to the horizontal AFC through R71, R70, and C29. This signal is also used to furnish the horizontal blanking input to IC1 via C28, R69, and R68. The signal from the auxiliary winding at pin 5 of T1 is rectified by D14 and filtered to provide the +12VDC supply for the video interface and sync circuits. The auxiliary winding of pins 3 and 4 produces a signal which is rectified by D13 and filtered to produce the +24VDC supply for the vertical output circuit.

The horizontal linearity coil L2 is a magnetically biased coil which shapes the yoke current for optimum linearity. The horizontal size coil L1 is a variable series inductor which is used to vary the horizontal size of the display.

#### HIGH VOLTAGE HOLD-DOWN CIRCUIT

The high voltage hold down circuit is part of the main PC board P447 of this monitor. The +12V DC supply is sensed via D10. Since the +12V DC supply is flyback pulse derived, the +12V DC supply will rise as the high voltage rises. If the +12V DC exceeds a threshold which is set with VR8, then D12 will conduct, thereby providing drive to IC2, pin 5—hold-down input of deflection oscillator IC. The drive being applied to pin 5 causes the horizontal oscillator within the IC to shut down—thus preventing the generation of high voltage.

The horizontal oscillator will remain in its OFF state, even if the input to IC2, pin 5 is removed, unless and until AC power is removed from the monitor input. The power may then be reapplied.

#### VERTICAL OSCILLATOR AND OUTPUT

The composite sync output of IC2, pin 12 is filtered through the network of R65, C25, C24 and R66 so that only vertical sync is applied to the vertical trigger input at pin 11. The vertical oscillator frequency is controlled by the vertical hold control and its input to pin 10.

The vertical drive output at IC2, pin 7 is applied to pin 4 of IC3, the vertical output IC. Output current from IC3, pin 2 flows through the yoke to cause vertical deflection. During upward deflection, current flows out of pin 2, through the yoke, and into C50 to charge it. Downward deflection is caused by C50 discharging through the yoke in the opposite direction and back into IC3, pin 2. AC feedback is provided through the wiper of the vertical size control VR4 to IC2, pin 8 in order to control the drive amplitude. DC feedback at IC2, pin 9 maintains good vertical linearity at all sizes.

DC current from the +24V supply flows through R83 and through the yoke to provide downward raster shift. Some of this DC current is diverted from the yoke through the collector of Q9. The amount of this current which is diverted from the yoke can be varied by varying the base drive to Q9 by adjusting VR3, the vertical position control, thus providing manual adjustment of the vertical position of the display.

The drive signal at IC3, pin 2 is also used to furnish the vertical blanking input to IC1, pin 13 via R63 and C14.

#### AUTOMATIC DEGAUSSING ADG

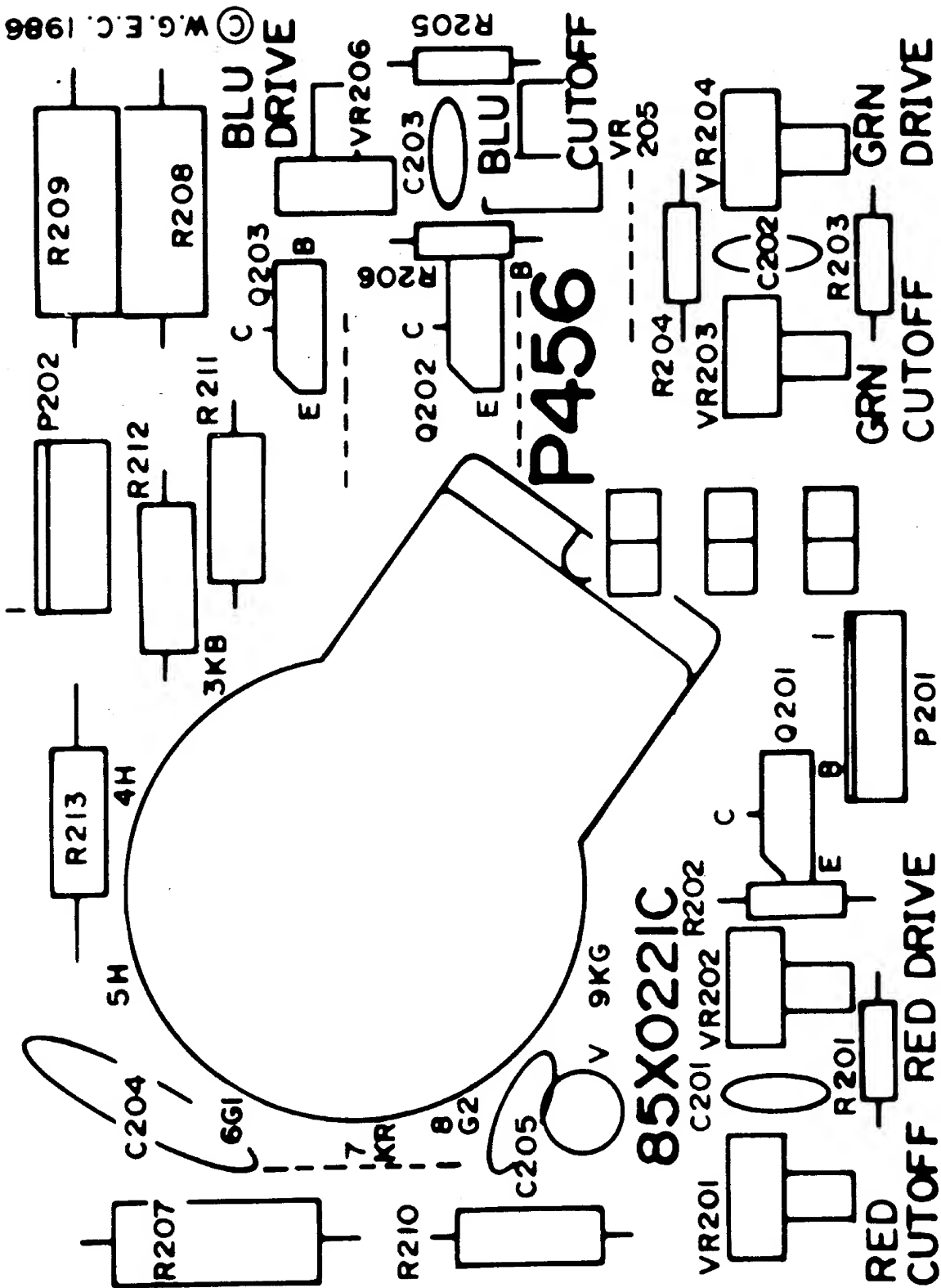
The ADG circuit automatically demagnetizes the CRT. This circuit is activated only when the monitor is initially powered up after having been off for at least 20 minutes.

R105 is a positive temperature coefficient device. When it is cold, it has a very low resistance. As it gets warm, its resistance increases. If the monitor is cold when AC power is applied, then R105 with a low resistance allows current to pass through it, D23, D24, and the degaussing coil. As current flows through R105, it heats up and eventually has a very high resistance, allowing very little current to flow through it. The residual current now flowing through R105 produces a voltage drop across R104 of less than 0.6 volts. This is not enough to forward bias D23 and D24, so there is no current through the degaussing coil.

The process of initially having a large current through the degaussing coil and then having the current decay to zero is what produces the degaussing action. The degaussing current decays to zero before the CRT warms up, so the degaussing is completed before the picture comes on.

## 17





VIEW OF COMPONENT SIDE

FIG. 12

PC BOARD LAYOUT P448

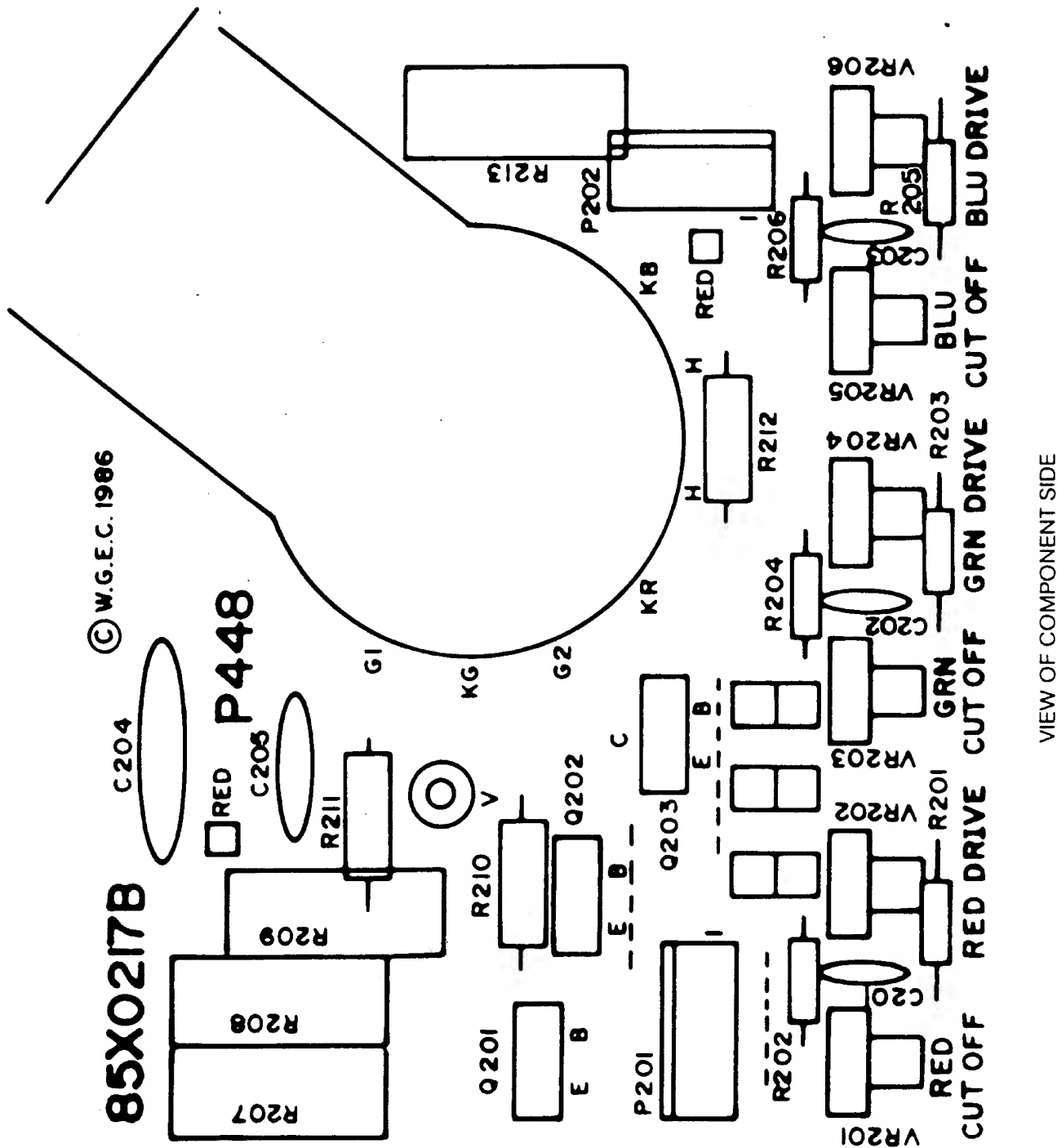


FIG. 13

20

# FRONT CONTROL BOARD P485

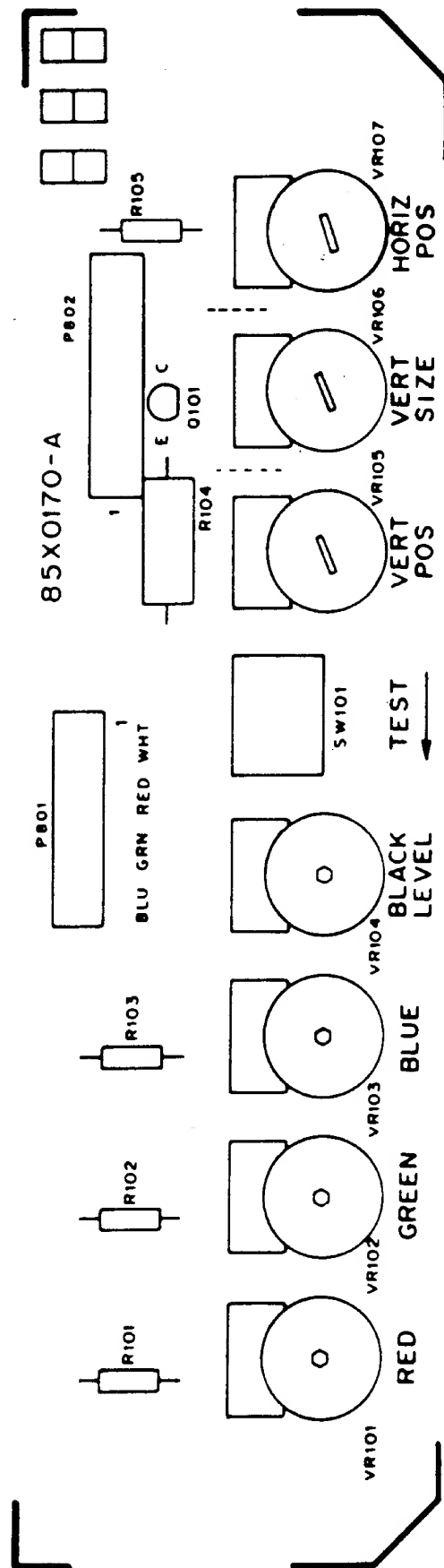


FIG. 15



# EDGE CONNECTOR AND ROTARY SWITCH

## PARTS NAME

CR7E-560A-3. 96E: (HIROSE)

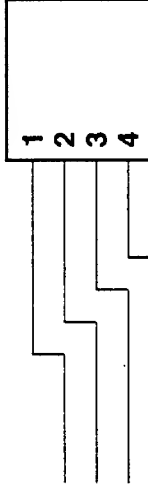
OR

1168-056-009 : (KEL)

## CN-MOWS

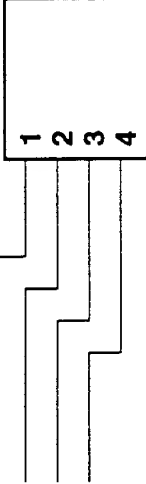
- 1 N.C.
- 2 "
- 3 "
- 4 "
- 5 "
- 6 "
- 7 "
- 8 "
- 9 2PB
- 10 VCC
- 11 GND
- 12 2PA
- 13 1PB
- 14 VCC
- 15 GND
- 16 1PA

## CONTROL SUB PCB



## 2 PLAY CONTROL

## CONTROL SUB PCB



## 1 PLAY CONTROL



SOLDER SIDE		PARTS SIDE
GND	A 1	GND
GND	B 2	GND
+5V	C 3	+5V
+5V	D 4	+5V
-5V	E 5	-5V
+12V	F 6	+12V
	H 7	
COIN COUNTER 2	J 8	COIN COUNTER 1
COIN LOCK OUT 2	K 9	COIN LOCK OUT 1
SP (-)	L 10	SP (+)
N.C	M 11	N.C
VIDEO GREEN	N 12	VIDEO RED
VIDEO SYNC	P 13	VIDEO BLUE
SERVICE SW	R 14	VIDEO GND
TILT SW	S 15	TEST SW
COIN SW 2	T 16	COIN SW 1
START SW 2	U 17	START SW 1
2P UP	V 18	1P UP
2P DOWN	W 19	1P DOWN
2P LEFT	X 20	1P LEFT
2P RIGHT	Y 21	1P RIGHT
2P PUSH 1	Z 22	1P PUSH 1
2P PUSH 2	a 23	1P PUSH 2
2P PUSH 3	b 24	1P PUSH 3
N.C	c 25	N.C
N.C	d 26	N.C
GND	e 27	GND
GND	f 28	GND

DRAW NO.



DATE . . . DRAWN [ ] CHECKED [ ] DESIGNED [ ] APPROVED [ ]

SCALE NTS /

TITLE

JAMMA EDGE CONNECTOR

CAPCOM

DIM IN mm SHEET

PROJECTION

ANGLE

3RD

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- A. Printed circuit boards                      (90) days
- B. Television monitor                         (30) days

No other parts of Seller's products are warranted.

Warranty periods are effective from the initial date of shipment from Seller to its authorized distributors.

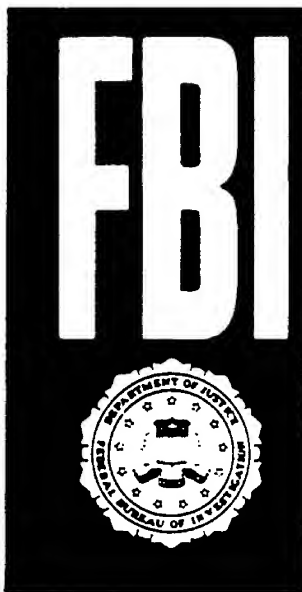
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- B. Such products are properly packaged and then returned, prepaid to Seller's plant.

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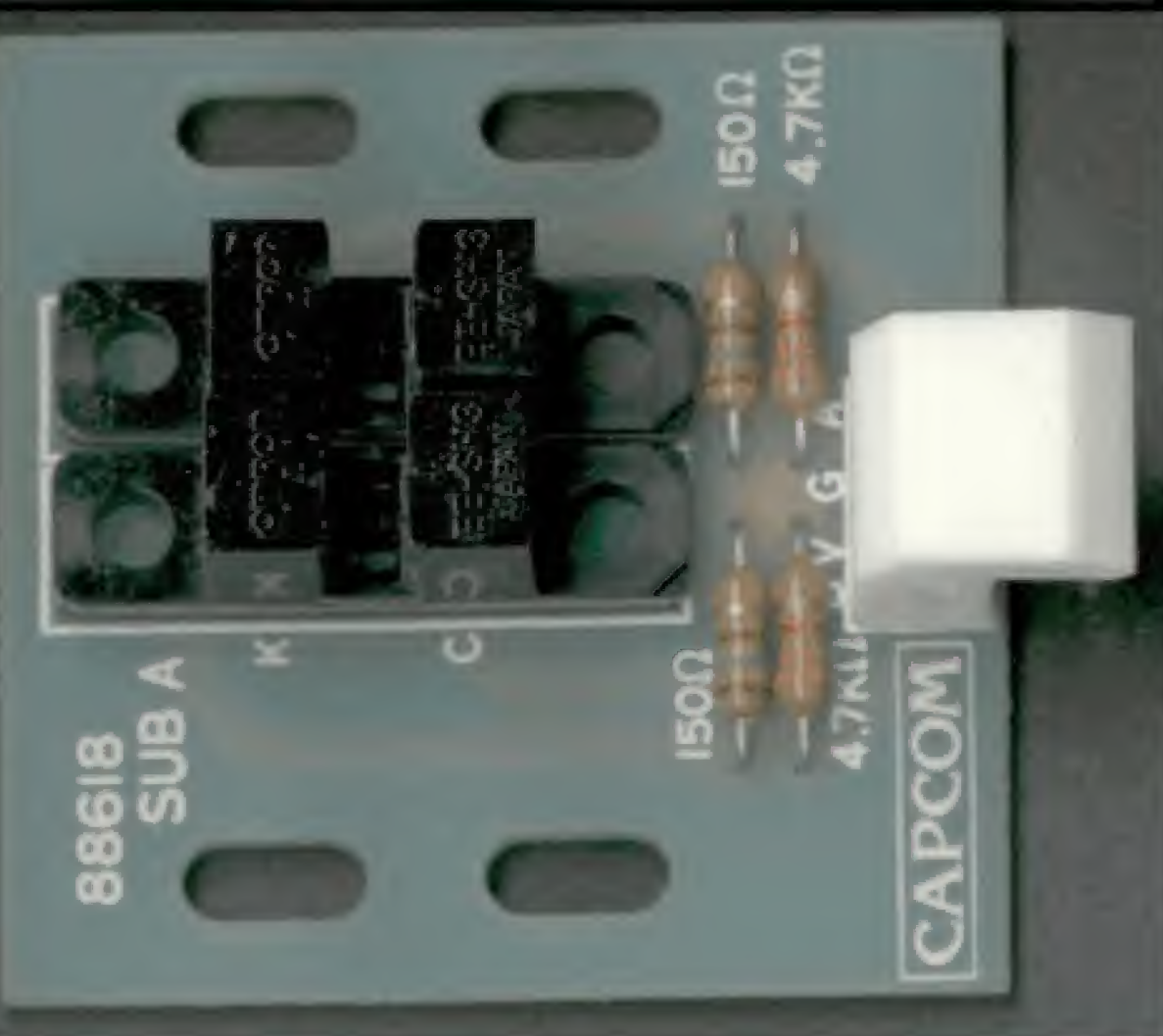
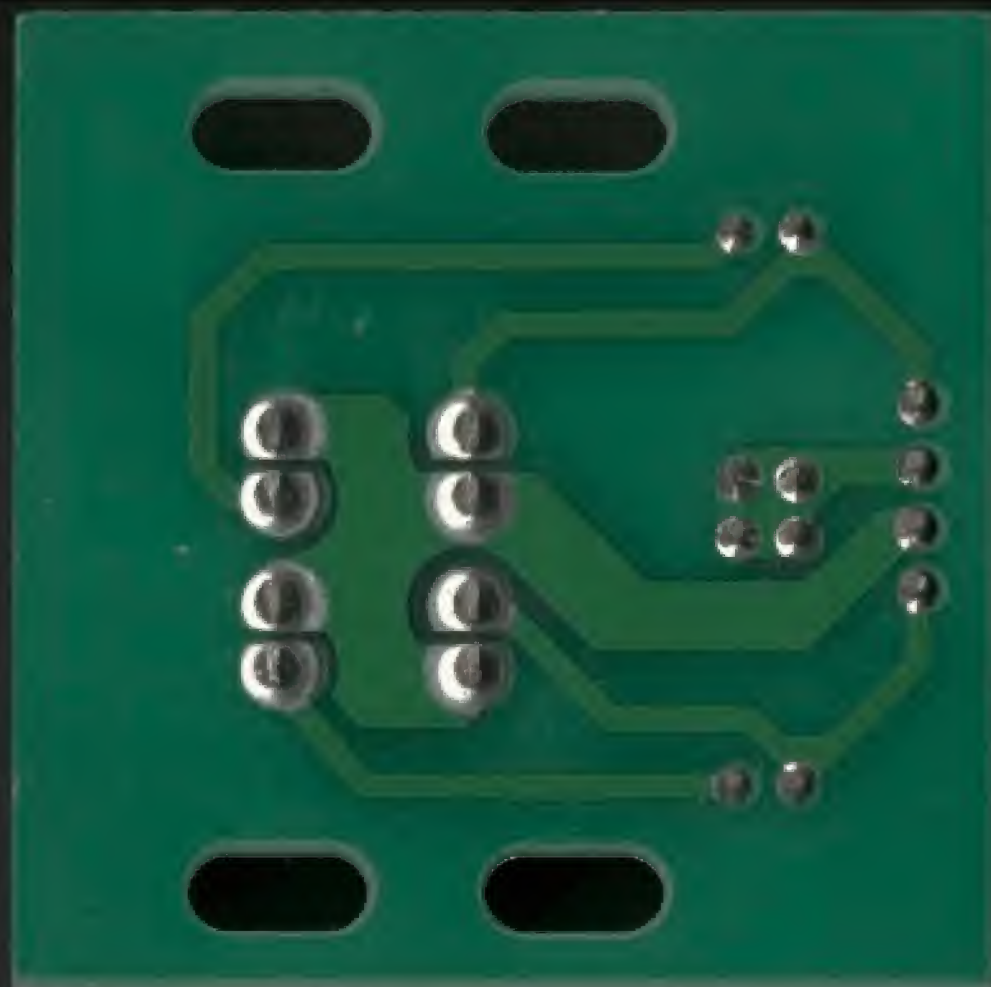
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Sunnyvale, CA 94089

Forgotten Worlds Opto PCB  
40mm X 40mm



Forgotten Worlds Encoder Schematic

